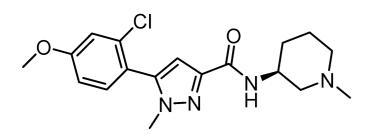
## **Small Molecule Highlights**

## Snapshots from Recent Literature in Target-oriented Drug Design





**CVN417** 

α6-nAchR

CNS

*Target:* α6-Nicotinic acetylcholine receptors (nAChr)

Indication: Parkinson's disease and Huntington's chorea

Inhibitor design: High-throughput screening (650 K compounds) and SAR to develop lead.

Activity: =  $\alpha$ 6-nAChr IC<sub>50</sub> = 0.086  $\mu$ M,  $\alpha$ 3-nAChr IC<sub>50</sub> = 2.56  $\mu$ M ,  $\alpha$ 4-nAChr IC<sub>50</sub> = 0.66  $\mu$ M (cellular)

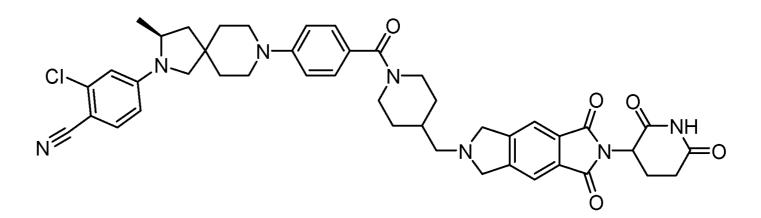
 $ADME/PK: \ Microsome \ Stability \ (mL/min/kg) = 2.8/31.2/33.3/27.7 \ for \ human/rat/mouse/dog; \ K_{p,uu} = 1.4 \ (rat); \ F(\%) = 1.4 \ (rat); \ F(\%)$ 

= 11/43.8 for rat/dog

*In vivo*: Dramatic decrease of evoked tremor duration in a rat resting tremor model (>70% decrease @ 25 mg/kg p.o.)

J. Med. Chem.

Cerevance Ltd., USA



APD-1676

AR

**Oncology (Prostate)** 

Target: Androgen Receptor (AR)

*Indication:* Prostate Cancer

Inhibitor design: Rational design and SAR (linker and E3 ligase ligand)

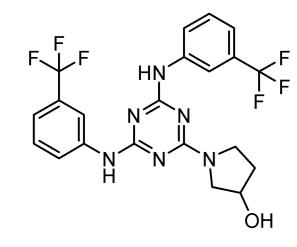
In vitro Activity: VCaP:  $DC_{50}$  = 0.1 nM,  $D_{max}$  = 99% (cellular); LNCaP:  $DC_{50}$  = 1.1 nM,  $D_{max}$  = 98% (cellular).

ADME/PK: Liver Microsome Stability:  $T_{1/2}$ = >60 min in mouse, human, rat, dog, and monkey; Oral bioavailability: F(%) = 67/44/31/99 in mouse/rat/beagle/monkey; hERG Inhibition:  $IC_{50} > 30 \mu M$ .

In vivo: 85% tumor growth inhibition in a mouse VCap xenograft model (40 mg/kg; po, 44 days)

J. Med. Chem.

University of Michigan, USA



Compound 36

IDH2

Oncology

Compound 1

CD38

Mitochondrial Disorder

Target: Isocitrate **D**e**h**ydrogenase **2 (IDH2)** 

Indication: Acute Myeloid Leukemia (CD38)

Inhibitor design: structure-based drug design (SBDD) and SAR

Activity: IDH2 $^{R140Q}$  IC<sub>50</sub> = 29 nM and 204 nM @ 1 hr (biochemical); IDH2 $^{WT}$  IC50 >

 $100 \,\mu\text{M} \ @ 1 \,\text{hr.} \ D2HG \,\text{IC}_{50} = 10 \,\text{nM}$  (cellular).

ADME/PK: liver Microsomes  $T_{1/2}$  = >180/137.1 min for human/mouse; F(%) = 90.3% in

mouse; hERG IC $_{50}$  = >30  $\mu$ M

*In vivo*: Decreased d2HG levels (68%) in TF-1/IDH2<sup>R140Q</sup> xenograft mice (25 mg/kg, p.o., 1 dose per day)

J. Med. Chem.

Jiangsu Provincial Medical Innovation Center, China

Target: Cluster of Differentiation 38 (CD38)

Indication: Mitochondrial Myopathy

Inhibitor design: Scaffold hopping and SAR

Activity: hCD38 IC $_{50}$  = 11 nM (biochemical); mCD38 IC $_{50}$  = 9.8 nM (biochemical)

ADME/PK: Hepatocyte Stability  $T_{1/2}$  = >180 min for human/mouse; F(%) =

61/55/127/247% for mouse/rat/dog/monkey; hERG IC<sub>50</sub> = >30  $\mu$ M

In vivo: Increased NAD $^{\scriptscriptstyle +}$  and exercise capacity with decreased lactic acid buildup

in Pusl KO mice (1 mg/kg, p.o., 1 dose per day for 58 days)

J. Med. Chem.

Immunophage Biotech Co., Ltd., China

O O S NH

N14

NLRP3

Inflammation

Target: NOD-, LRR-, and pyrin domain-containing protein 3 (NLRP3) Indication: Non-alcoholic steatohepatitis (NASH), septic shock, and colitis.

Inhibitor design: Rational design and SAR

Activity:IL-1 $\beta$  IC<sub>50</sub> = 25 nM (cellular)

ADME/PK:  $T_{1/2}$  = 4.01 h/3.50 h (in mouse; i.v./p.o.); F(%) = 85.21% in mouse. In vivo: 70% survival in toxic shock model (40 mg/kg, p.o., 1 dose, 72 hrs); No reduction in colonic length in a murine ulcerative colitis model (10 mg/kg, p.o., 1 dose per day, 9 days); Decreased liver/body ratio and improved liver morphology in a murine NASH model (40 mg/kg, p.o.)

J. Med. Chem.

Key Laboratory of Marine Drugs , China

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